

LCD Digital Timers



LE4S Series

For your safety, read and follow the considerations written in the instruction manual, other manuals and Autonics website.

The specifications, dimensions, etc. are subject to change without notice for product improvement. Some models may be discontinued without notice.

Features

- Mounting space saving with compact design : downsized by approx. 22% in depth compared to existing models (length of panel on the back side is 56 mm)
- Available to set each value and time range separately when choosing Flicker (FK, FK I) or ON-OFF Delay (ON OFF D, ON OFF D I) output mode
- Adds Flicker 1 mode (LE4SA)
- Settable One-shot output time (0.01 to 99.99 sec) (existing model: fixed 0.5 sec)
- Configurable time range (added 9.999 sec): settable by 0.001 sec unit
- Selectable min. input time: 1 ms or 20 ms (LE4S)
- Improved return time: 100 ms
- Backlight ON / OFF function
- Wide time range (0.01 sec to 9999 hour)
- Lock setting function for saving setting data
- Soft touch setting
- High visibility display with backlight

Safety Considerations

- Observe all 'Safety Considerations' for safe and proper operation to avoid hazards.
- ⚠ symbol indicates caution due to special circumstances in which hazards may occur.

⚠ Warning Failure to follow instructions may result in serious injury or death.

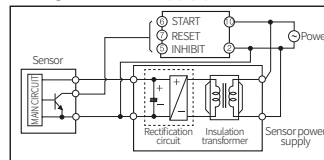
- 01. Fail-safe device must be installed when using the unit with machinery that may cause serious injury or substantial economic loss. (e.g. nuclear power control, medical equipment, ships, vehicles, railways, aircraft, combustion apparatus, safety equipment, crime/disaster prevention devices, etc.)**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in personal injury, economic loss or fire.
- 02. Do not use the unit in the place where flammable/explosive/corrosive gas, high humidity, direct sunlight, radiant heat, vibration, impact or salinity may be present.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in explosion or fire.
- 03. Install on a device panel to use.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or electric shock.
- 04. Do not connect, repair, or inspect the unit while connected to a power source.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or electric shock.
- 05. Check 'Connections' before wiring.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire.
- 06. Do not disassemble or modify the unit.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or electric shock.

⚠ Caution Failure to follow instructions may result in injury or product damage.

- 01. When connecting the power/sensor input and relay output, use AWG 20 (0.50 mm²) cable or over, and tighten the terminal screw with a tightening torque of 0.74 to 0.90 N m.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in malfunction due to contact failure.
- 02. Use the unit within the rated specifications.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or product damage.
- 03. Use a dry cloth to clean the unit, and do not use water or organic solvent.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or electric shock.
- 04. Keep the product away from metal chip, dust, and wire residue which flow into the unit.**
Failure to follow this instruction may result in fire or product damage.

Cautions during Use

- Follow instructions in 'Cautions during Use'. Otherwise, it may cause unexpected accidents.
- When supplying or turning off the power, use a switch or etc. to avoid chattering.
- Install a power switch or circuit breaker in the easily accessible place for supplying or disconnecting the power.
- In order to block peripheral current, use isolation transformer which of secondary part is not grounded to supply power to the external input device.



- Do not connect two or more timers with only one input contact or transistor simultaneously.
- Keep away from high voltage lines or power lines to prevent inductive noise. In case installing power line and input signal line closely, use line filter or varistor at power line and shielded wire at input signal line.
Do not use near the equipment which generates strong magnetic force or high frequency noise.
- This unit may be used in the following environments.
 - Indoors (in the environment condition rated in 'Specifications')
 - Altitude max. 2,000 m
 - Pollution degree 2
 - Installation category II

Ordering Information

This is only for reference, the actual product does not support all combinations.
For selecting the specified model, follow the Autonics website.

LE4S ①

① Output

No mark: Time limit 1c

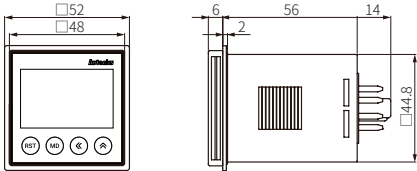
A: Time limit 2c, Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c

Product Components

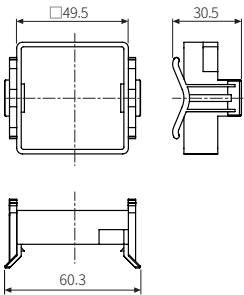
- Product (+ bracket)
- Instruction manual

Dimensions

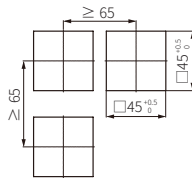
- Unit: mm, For the detailed drawings, follow the Autonics website.



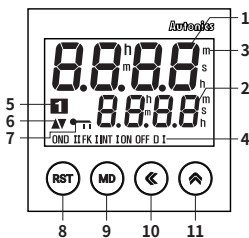
■ Bracket



■ Panel cut-out

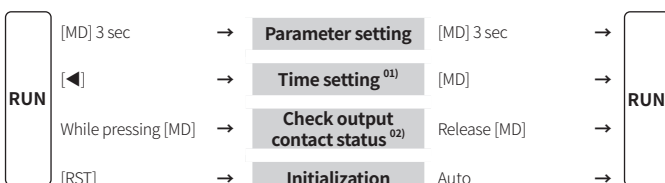


Unit Descriptions



No.	Name	Function
1	Time progressing display part	Shows progressing time
2	Time setting display part	Shows the setting time
3	Time unit	Shows time unit (h: hour / m: min / s: sec) Flashing: time progressing
4	Operation mode	Shows current output operation mode • INTG: no mark
5	Output contact	Shows the status of current output contact
6	UP / DOWN	Shows UP / DOWN mode of time progressing
7	Key lock	Shows key lock status
8	[RST] key	Initializes progressing time and output return
9	[MD] key	Enter RUN mode ↔ Parameter setting Shift to next parameter in parameter setting
10	[◀] key	Enter RUN mode ↔ setting time change mode Move the digit when changing the setting value.
11	[▲] key	Change the parameter setting value

Mode Setting



01) If no key is pressed over 60 sec, returning to RUN mode and not storing the setting value.
02) Only for the LE4SA model

Output Operation Mode

For the detailed timing chart for operation output mode, refer to the manual.
The output operation mode differs depending on each model.

Group	Output operation mode	LE4S	LE4SA	Time setting
Group 1	OND	ON Delay	○	Time
	OND.1	ON Delay 1	-	
	OND.2	ON Delay 2	-	
	INT	Interval	○	
	INT.1	Interval 1	-	
	OFD	OFF Delay	-	
Group 2	INTG	Integration time	-	t.oFF, t.oN
	FLK	Flicker	○	
	FLK.1	Flicker 1	-	
	NFD	ON - OFF Delay	-	
Group 3	NFD.1	ON - OFF Delay 1	-	t.oN, oFF.d
	S-D	Star - Delta	-	t - 1, t - 2
	TWN	Twin	○	
TWN.1	Twin 1	-		

Parameter Setting

- Some parameters are activated / deactivated depending on the model or setting of other parameters. Refer to the description of each parameter.
- In the parameter setting, the time and output control continue.
- If the settings are changed, all outputs to be OFF and reset the current values when returning to RUN mode.
- [MD] key: saves current setting value and moves to the next parameter.

Parameter	Display	Defaults	Setting range	Model	Display condition	
1-1 Output operation mode	o u t . n	o n d	• Refer to the output operation mode.	Comm.	-	
1-2 Time range	t . r n G	9999	• Refer to the table below.		1-1. Output operation mode: Group 1	
1-3 One-shot output time	o u t t .	00.50	0.01 to 99.99 sec		1-1. Output operation mode: OND.2	
1-4 Toff time range	o F . r G	9999	• Refer to the table below.		1-1. Output operation mode: Group 2	
1-5 Ton time range	o n . r G	9999				
1-6 T1 time range	t 1 . r G	9999				
1-7 T2 time range	t 2 . r G	9999				
1-8 Time UP / DOWN	U - d	U P				UP: 0 → setting time DN: setting time → 0
1-9 Width of min. input signal	i n t	20	1, 20 ms • Set the min. width of RESET, START, INHIBIT input signals		[LE4S]	-
1-10 Output contact ⁰¹⁾	C o n t	1 C . 1 C	1C.1C: Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c 2C: Time limit 2c		[LE4SA]	-
1-11 Backlight	b l U	o n	ON, OFF		Comm.	-
1-12 Key lock	L o c k	L o F F	LOFF: release key lock LOC.1: lock [RST] key LOC.2: lock [◀], [▲] key LOC.3: lock [RST], [◀], [▲] key	[LE4S]	-	
		L o C . 1	[LE4SA]			

01) 1-1. Output operation mode of group 3: 2C fixed

• [Table]

Unit	SEC	SEC	SEC	SEC	M S	M	M
Display	9.999	99.99	999.9	9999	99m59s	999.9m	9999m
Range	0.001s to 9.999s	0.01s to 99.99s	0.1s to 999.9s	1s to 9999s	0m1s to 99m99s	0.1m to 999.9m	1m to 9999m

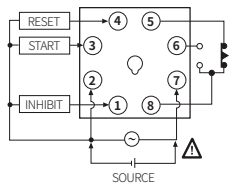
Unit	H M	H	H	H
Display	99h59m	99.99h	999.9h	9999h
Range	0h1m to 99h59m	0.01h to 99.99h	0.1h to 999.9h	1h to 9999h

Connections

⚠ Caution

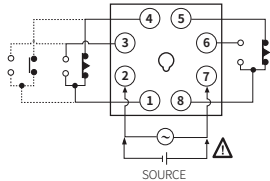
: Refer to the 'specifications' for checking the power supply and control output.

■ LE4S

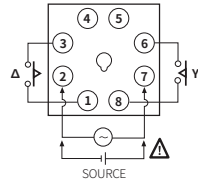


■ LE4SA

- Output operation mode : OND/OND.2/FLK/FLK1/INT/TWN/TWN.1 (TWN, TWN.1 mode: time limit 2c fixed)



- Output operation mode : Y-Δ (Time limit 2c fixed)
- Use the A contact.



Specifications

Model	LE4S	LE4SA	
Function	MULTI time, MULTI operation		
Display method	LCD (Backlight)		
Return time	≤ 100 ms		
Time operation	Signal ON Start	Power ON Start	
Input signal	START, INHIBIT, RESET		
Min. signal width	≈ 1,20 ms	-	
No-voltage input	Short-circuit impedance: ≤ 1 kΩ Short-circuit residual voltage : ≤ 0.5VDC≐ Open-circuit impedance: ≥ 100 kΩ	-	
Control output	Relay		
Contact type	Time limit SPDT (1c)	Time limit DPDT (2c), Time limit SPDT (1c) + Instantaneous SPDT (1c) (depends on operation mode)	
Contact capacity	250 VAC~ 5 A, 30 VDC≐ 5 A resistive load	250 VAC~ 3 A, 30 VDC≐ 3 A resistive load	
Error	Repeat	Power ON Start	≤ ± 0.01% ± 0.05 sec
	SET	: ≤ ± 0.01% ± 0.05 sec	
	Voltage	Signal ON Start	
	Temp.	: ≤ ± 0.005% ± 0.03 sec	
Approval	CE, RoHS, EAC		
Unit weight	≈ 98 g		

Model	LE4S	LE4SA
Power supply	24 - 240 VAC~ ± 10% 50 / 60 Hz, 24 - 240 VDC≐ ± 10%	
Power consumption	AC: ≤ 4.5 VA, DC: ≤ 2 W	AC: ≤ 4 VA, DC: ≤ 1.6 W
Insulation resistive	100 MΩ (500 VDC≐ megger)	
Dielectric strength	2000 VAC~ 50 / 60 Hz for 1 min	
Noise immunity	± 2 kV square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width 1 μs)	
Vibration	0.75 mm double amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55 Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 1 hour	
Vibration (malfunction)	0.5 mm double amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55 Hz (for 1 min) in each X, Y, Z direction for 10 min	
Shock	300 m/s ² (≈ 30 G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times	
Shock (malfunction)	100 m/s ² (≈ 10 G) in each X, Y, Z direction for 3 times	
Relay life cycle	Mechanical: ≥ 10,000,000 operations Electrical: ≥ 100,000 operations	
Ambient temperature	-10 to 55 °C, storage: -25 to 65 °C (no freezing or condensation)	
Ambient humidity	35 to 85 %RH, storage: 35 to 85 %RH (no freezing or condensation)	

Time Setting

■ Setting method

- Be aware that the time is progressing when you set the time.
- If no key is pressed over 60 sec, returning to RUN mode and not storing the setting value.

1. In the parameter setting, set the output operation mode.
2. In RUN mode, press [◀] key to enter the time setting mode.
3. The last digit flashes at the time setting display part.
4. Set the time.

- [◀] key: shift the setting digit, [▲] key: shift the flashing position, increasing time
- 5. Press [MD] key to complete the setting and return to RUN mode.

■ Setting example

• Output operation mode FK, FK1

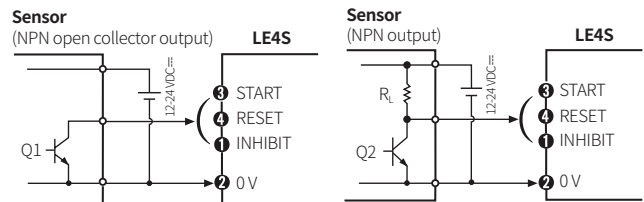
Mode	Time progressing display part	Time setting display part	Description
RUN mode	-	-	Press [◀] key to enter the time setting
Setting mode	⋯.oFF	00m0s	Flashing: the last number
	⋯.oFF	01m20s	Set the time via [◀], [▲] key Press [MD] key to complete the setting and progress the next time setting
	⋯.o.n	00m0s	Flashing: the last number
	⋯.o.n	03m57s	Press [MD] key to complete the setting and return to RUN mode

Input Connections (LE4S)

When wiring, make sure that the power and the signal input terminals are non-insulated.

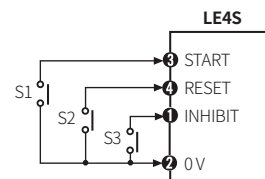
■ No-voltage (NPN) input

• Solid-state input



Q1-2: operates when it is ON.

• Contact input



Use reliable contact enough to flow 5 VDC≐ 1 mA
Q1-2, S1-3: operates when it is ON.

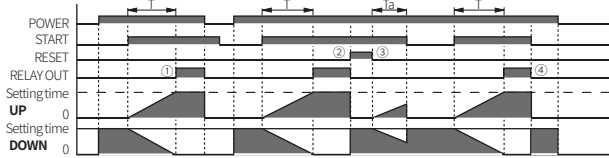
Output Operation Mode

LE4S

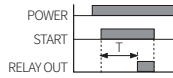
The timing charts are under the supplying power.
Initial status: UP mode - display value 0, output OFF
DOWN mode - displays the setting time, output OFF

- T, T_{on}, T_{off}: setting time / T_{out}: One-shot output time (range: 0.01 to 99.99 sec)
- T_{on}, T_{off}: individual setting available
- T, T_{on}, T_{off} > Ta
- T = T1 + T2 / T = Ta + Tb + Tc

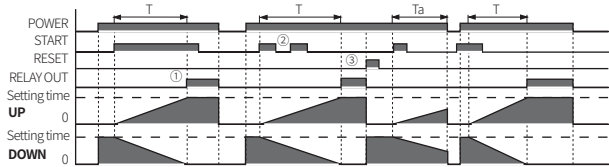
OND



1. START signal: time starts during ON state
2. Position ① - progressing time = setting time → Output: ON, display value: Hold
3. Position ② - RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status
4. Position ③ - START signal: ON → RESET signal: OFF, starting the operation of no. 1
5. Position ④ - START signal: OFF → Display value and output: return to the initial status



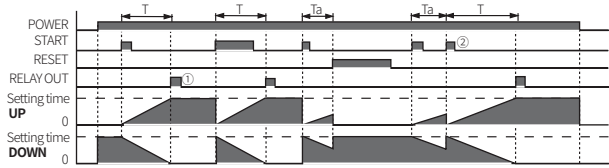
OND.1



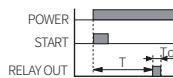
1. START signal: ON → Time starts
2. Position ① - progressing time = setting time → Output: ON, display value: Hold
3. Position ② - Recognizes the first START signal
4. Position ③ - RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status



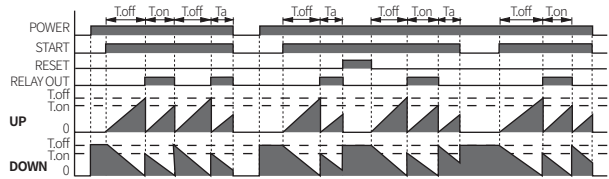
OND.2



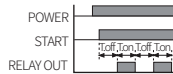
1. START signal: ON → Time starts
2. Position ① - progressing time = setting time → Output: ON (during T_{out}) and OFF, display value: Hold
3. RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status
4. Position ② - START signal: ON during progressing the time, Progressing time: return to the initial status and progress again.



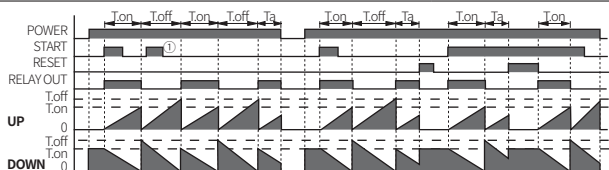
FLK



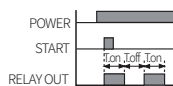
1. START signal: ON during the output: repeating OFF (during T_{off}), ON (during T_{on})
2. RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status
3. START signal: ON status, RESET signal: OFF → Starts the operation of no. 1
4. START signal: OFF → Display value and output: return to the initial status



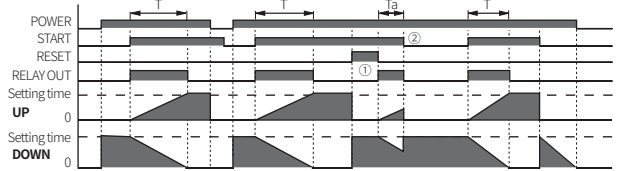
FLK.1



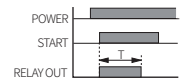
1. START signal: ON → Output: repeating ON (during T_{on}), OFF (during T_{off})
2. Position ① - Recognizes the first START signal
3. RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status. But, when the START signal is ON, progress again.



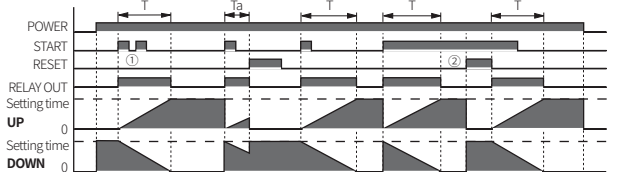
INT



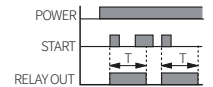
1. START signal: ON, instantly output: ON and time starts
2. Progressing time = setting time → Output: OFF, display value: Hold
3. Position ① - RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status
4. START signal: ON status, RESET signal: OFF → Starts the operation of no. 1
5. Position ② - START signal: OFF → Display value and output: return to the initial status



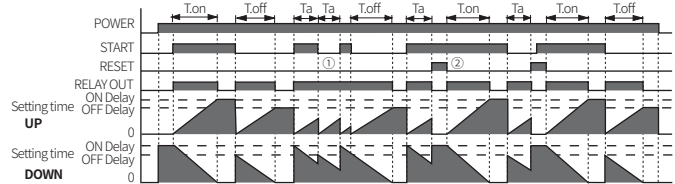
INT.1



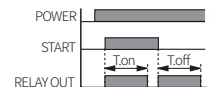
1. START signal: ON, instantly output: ON and time starts
2. Progressing time = setting time → Output: OFF, display value: Hold
3. Position ① - Recognizes the first START signal
4. Progressing time = setting time → START signal: ON, instantly output: ON, initializing time and progress
5. Position ② - RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status



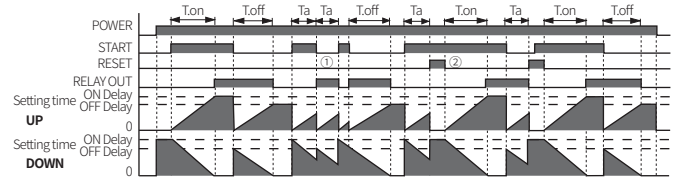
NFD



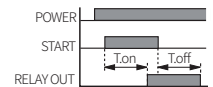
1. START signal: ON → Output: ON (during T_{on}) - ON Delay, START signal: OFF → Output: OFF (during T_{off}) - OFF Delay
2. Position ① - START signal: repeatedly input (within the setting time) → Output: ON, display value: return to initial status
3. Position ② - RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status
START signal: ON status, RESET signal: OFF → ON Delay



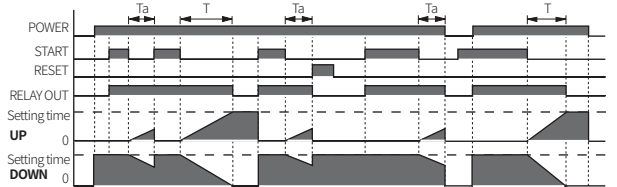
NFD.1



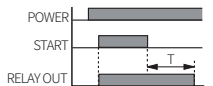
1. START signal: ON → Time starts, Progressing time = T_{on} → Output: ON (ON Delay), START signal: OFF → T_{off}: output ON (OFF Delay)
2. Position ① - START signal: ON → OFF (within the setting time) → Output: ON, display value: return to initial status
START signal: OFF → ON (within the setting time) → Output: OFF, display value: return to initial status
3. Position ②: RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status
START signal: ON status, RESET signal: OFF → ON Delay



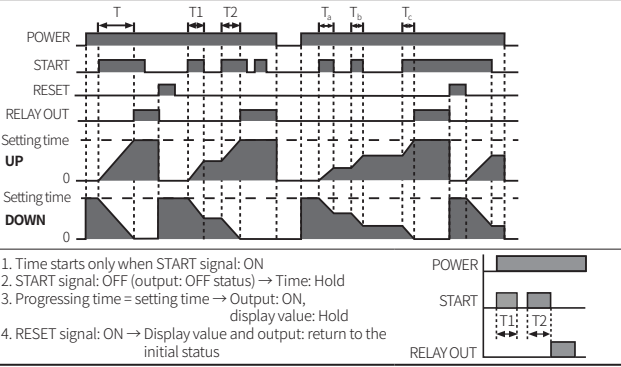
OFD



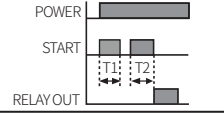
1. START signal: ON → Output: maintains ON state
2. START signal: OFF → Time starts
Progressing time = setting time → Output: OFF, display value: Hold
3. RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status



INTG



1. Time starts only when START signal: ON
2. START signal: OFF (output: OFF status) → Time: Hold
3. Progressing time = setting time → Output: ON, display value: Hold
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status

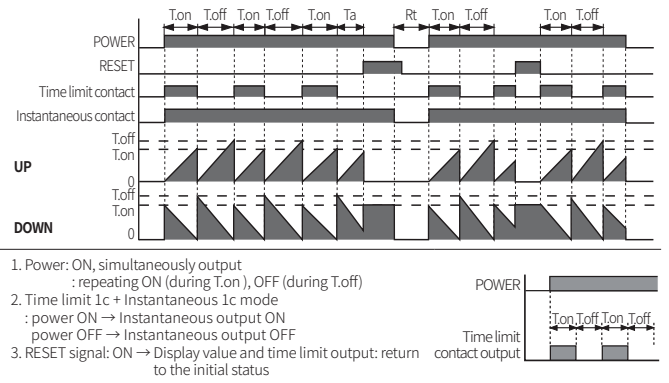


LE4SA

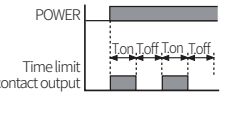
Initial status: UP mode - display value 0, output OFF
 DOWN mode - displays the setting time, output OFF
 Instantaneous contact (OUT2) return: it is available when the power is OFF.
 Release the key lock to use [RESET] key.

- T, T.on, T.off, T1 : setting time / T.out : One-shot output time (range: 0.01 to 99.99 sec) / Rt: return time
- T2: S-D mode - switching time, T.WN, T.WN.1 mode - setting time
- T.on, T.off / T1, T2 (T.WN, T.WN.1 mode): individual setting available
- T, T.on, T.off > Ta

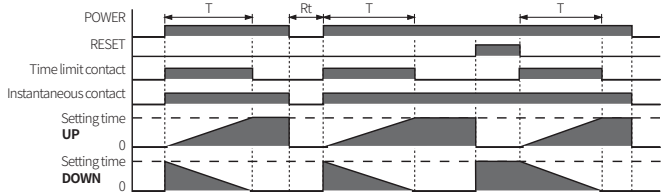
FLK.1



1. Power: ON, simultaneously output : repeating ON (during T.on), OFF (during T.off)
2. Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c mode : power ON → Instantaneous output ON power OFF → Instantaneous output OFF
3. RESET signal: ON → Display value and time limit output: return to the initial status

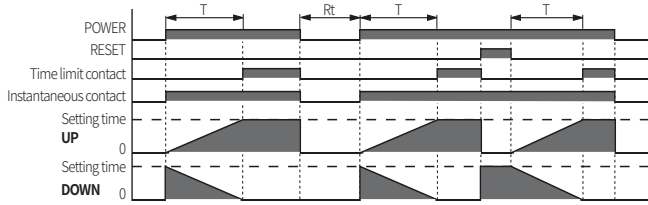


INT

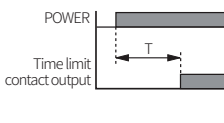


1. Power: ON, simultaneously time limit output ON and time starts
2. Progressing time = setting time → Time limit output: OFF, display value: Hold
3. Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c mode : power ON → Instantaneous output ON power OFF → Instantaneous output OFF
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and time limit output: return to the initial status

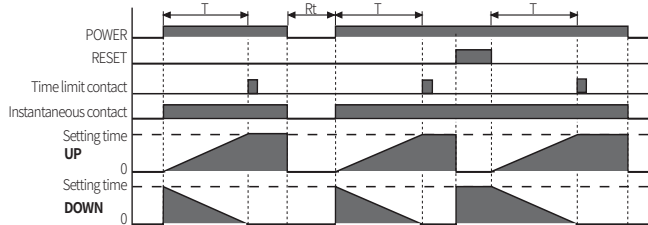
OND



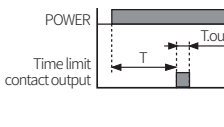
1. Power: ON, simultaneously time starts
2. Progressing time = setting time → Time limit output: ON, display value: Hold
3. Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c mode : power ON → Instantaneous output ON power OFF → Instantaneous output OFF
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and output: return to the initial status



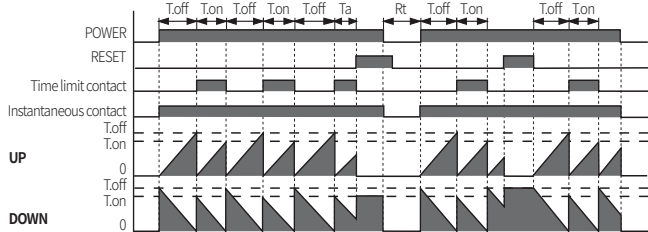
OND.2



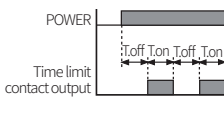
1. Power: ON, simultaneously time starts
2. Progressing time = setting time → Time limit output: ON (during T.out) and OFF, display value: Hold
3. Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c mode : power ON → Instantaneous output ON power OFF → Instantaneous output OFF
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and time limit output: return to the initial status



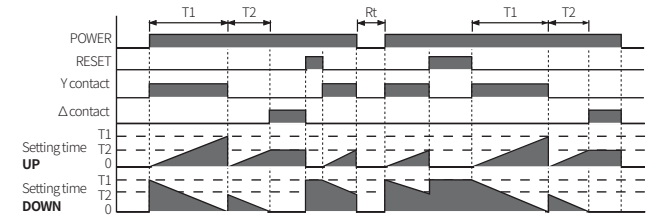
FLK



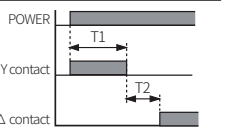
1. Power: ON, simultaneously output: repeating OFF (during T.off), ON (during T.on)
2. Time limit 1c + Instantaneous 1c mode : power ON → Instantaneous output ON power OFF → Instantaneous output OFF
3. RESET signal: ON → Display value and time limit output: return to the initial status



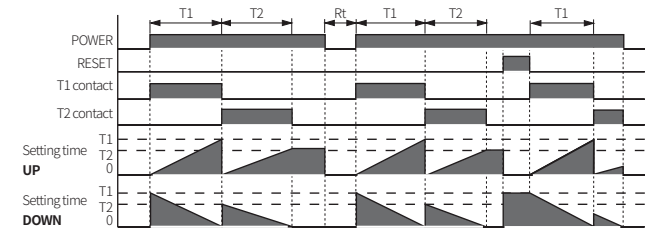
S-D (Y-Δ)



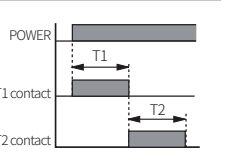
1. Power: ON, simultaneously Y contact: ON and time starts
2. Progressing time = Setting time T1 → Y contact: OFF, initializing progressing time and progress again
3. Progressing time = Switching time T2 → Δ contact: ON, display value: Hold
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and Y-Δ contact: return to the initial status



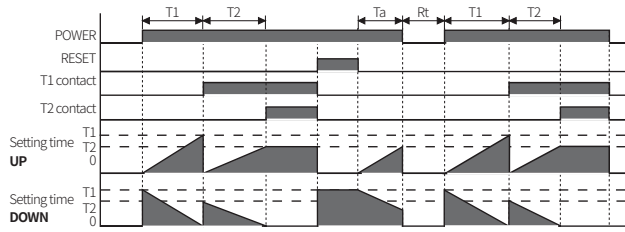
TWN



1. Power: ON, simultaneously T1 contact: ON and time starts
2. Progressing time = Setting time T1 → T1 contact: OFF, T2 contact: ON, initializing progressing time and progressing again
3. Progressing time = Setting time T2 → T1 contact: ON, T2 contact: OFF, display value: Hold
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and T1, T2 contact : return to the initial status



TWN.1



1. Power: ON, simultaneously time starts
2. Progressing time = Setting time T1 → T1 contact: ON, T2 contact: OFF, initializing progressing time and progressing again
3. Progressing time = Setting time T2 → T1 contact: OFF, T2 contact: ON, display value: Hold
4. RESET signal: ON → Display value and T1, T2 contact : return to the initial status

